

# **CERTIFICATE OF ACCREDITATION**

This is to attest that

#### ZHEJIANG HUAK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

3F, BUILDING 6, BLOCK B, NO. E22 XINKE ROAD, CHOUJIANG STREET YIWU CITY, JINHUA, ZHEJIANG, 322000, CHINA

**Testing Laboratory TL-1118** 

has met the requirements of AC89, *IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories*, and has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2017, *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories*. This organization is accredited to provide the services specified in the scope of accreditation.

Effective Date June 17, 2024



President

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Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

Effective Date June 17, 2024

Physical	
EN 71-1	Safety of toys — Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties
EN 71-2	Safety of toys — Part 2: Flammability
EN 71-13	Safety of toys — Part 13: Olfactory board games, cosmetic kits and gustative games
EN 71-14	Safety of toys — Part 14: Trampolines for domestic use
EN 13402-3	Size designation of clothes - Part 3: Size labelling based on body measurements and intervals
GSO EN 71-1	Safety of toys — Part 1: Mechanical and physical properties
GSO EN 71-2	Safety of toys — Part 2: Flammability
GSO EN 71-13	Safety of toys — Part 13: Olfactory board games, cosmetic kits and gustative games
GSO EN 71-14	Safety of toys — Part 14: Trampolines for domestic use
ISO 105-C06	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part C06: Colour fastness to domestic and commercial laundering
ISO 105-E01	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part E01: Colour fastness to water
ISO 105-E04	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part E04: Colour fastness to perspiration
ISO 105-X12	Textiles — Tests for colour fastness — Part X12: Colour fastness to rubbing
ISO 8124-1	Safety of toys — Part 1: Safety aspects related to mechanical and physical properties
ISO 8124-2	Safety of toys — Part 2: Flammability
ISO 8124-4	Safety of toys — Part 4: Swings, slides and similar activity toys for indoor and outdoor family domestic use
ISO 8124-10	Safety of toys — Part 10: Experimental sets for chemistry and related activities
ISO 8124-11	Safety of toys — Part 11: Chemical toys (sets) other than experimental sets
ISO 13934-1	Textiles — Tensile properties of fabrics — Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method





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ISO/TR 8124-8	Safety of toys — Part 8: Age determination guidelines
SASO 1173	identification labels for textile products
SASO EN 14682	Safety of children's clothing - Cords and drawstrings on children's clothing - Specifications
SASO GSO 1268	tests for color fastness of textiles – c-methods for determination of color fastness to perspiration
SASO ISO 105-C06	Textiles - Tests for color fastness - Part C06: Color fastness to domestic and commercial laundering
SASO ISO 105-E01	Textiles - Tests for color fastness - Part E01: Color fastness to water
SASO ISO 105-X12	Textiles - Tests for color fastness - Part X12: Color fastness to rubbing
SASO ISO 3758	Textiles - Care labelling code using symbols
SASO ISO 8559-1	Size designation of clothes - Part 1: Anthropometric definitions for body measurement
SASO ISO 8559-2	Size designation of clothes - Part 2: Primary and secondary dimension indicators
SASO ISO 17751	Textiles - Quantitative analysis of animal fibers by microscopy -Cashmere, wool, special fibers and their mixtures;
SASO ISO TR 11827	Textiles - Composition testing - Identification of fibers
Chemical	·
AfPS GS 2019:01 PAK	Product Safety Commission (AfPS) GS Specification Testing and assessment of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs)in the awarding of GS Marks- Specification pursuant to Article 21 (1) No. 3 of the Product Safety Act (ProdSG) -AfPS GS 2019:01 PAK
EN 71-3	Safety of toys — Part 3: Specification for migration of certain elements
EN 71-7	Safety of toys — Part 7: Finger paints
EN 71-9	Safety of toys — Part 9: Organic chemical compounds - Requirements
EN 71-10	Safety of toys — Part 10: Organic chemical compounds - Sample preparation and extraction
EN 71-11	Safety of toys — Part 11: Organic chemical compounds - Methods of analysis
EN 71-12	Safety of toys — Part 12: N-Nitrosamines and N-Nirosatables substance
EN 14372	Child use and care articles — Cutlery and feeding utensils — Safety requirements and tests
EN 16711-1	Textiles - Determination ofmetal content Part 1: Determination of metals usingmicrowave digestion





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EN 16711-2	Textiles - Determination of metal content - Part 2: Determination of metals extracted by acidic artificial perspiration solution
GSO EN 71-3	Safety of toys — Part 3: Specification for migration of certain elements
GSO EN 71-7	Safety of toys — Part 7: Finger paints
GSO EN 71-9	Safety of toys — Part 9: Organic chemical compounds - Requirements
GSO EN 71-10	Safety of toys — Part 10: Organic chemical compounds - Sample preparation and extraction
GSO EN 71-11	Safety of toys — Part 11: Organic chemical compounds - Methods of analysis
GSO EN 71-12	Safety of toys — Part 12: N-Nitrosamines and N-Nirosatables substance
IEC 62321-2	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products - Part 2: Disassembly, disjointment and mechanical sample preparation
IEC 62321-3-1	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 3-1: Screening - Lead, mercury, cadmium, total chromium and total bromine by X- ray fluorescence spectrometry
IEC 62321-4	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products –Part 4: Mercury in polymers, metals and electronics by CV-AAS, CV-AFS, ICP-OES and ICP-MS
IEC 62321-5	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 5: Cadmium, lead and chromium in polymers and electronics and cadmium and lead in metals by AAS, AFS, ICP-OES and ICP-MS
IEC 62321-6	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 6: Polybrominated biphenyls and polybrominated diphenyl ethers in polymers by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS)
IEC 62321-7-1	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products –Part 7-1: Hexavalent chromium – Presence of hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI)) in colourless and coloured corrosion-protected coatings on metals by the colorimetric method
IEC 62321-7-2	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 7-2: Hexavalent chromium - Determination of hexavalent chromium (Cr(VI)) in polymers and electronics by the colorimetric method
IEC 62321-8	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 8: Phthalates in polymers by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry(GC-MS), gas chromatography-mass spectrometry using a pyrolyzer/thermal desorption accessory (Py/TD-GC-MS)
IEC 62321-9	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 9: Hexabromocyclododecane in polymers by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS)
IEC 62321-10	Determination of certain substances in electrotechnical products -Part 10: Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) in polymers and electronics by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry (GC-MS)





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ISO 1833-1	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 1: General principles of testing
ISO 1833-2	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 2 : Ternary fiber mixtures
ISO 1833-3	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 3: Mixtures of acetate and certain other fibers (method using acetone)
ISO 1833-4	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 4: Mixtures of certain protein and certain other fibers (method using hypochlorite)
ISO 1833-5	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 5: Mixtures of viscose, cupro or modal and cotton fibers (method using sodium zincate)
ISO 1833-6	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 6: Mixtures of viscose or certain types of cupro or modal or lyocell and cotton fibers (method using formic acid and zinc chloride)
ISO 1833-7	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 7: Mixtures of polyamide and certain other fibers (method using formic acid)
ISO 1833-8	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 8: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibers (method using acetone)
ISO 1833-9	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 9: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibers (method using benzyl alcohol)
ISO 1833-10	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 10: Mixtures of triacetate or polylactide and certain other fibers (method using dichloromethane)
ISO 1833-11	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 11: Mixtures of cellulose and polyester fibers (method using sulfuric acid)
ISO 1833-12	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 12: Mixtures of acrylic, certain mod acrylics, certain chloro-fibers, certain elastane's and certain other fibers (method using dimethylformamide)
ISO 1833-14	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 14: Mixtures of acetate and certain chlorofibers (method using acetic acid)
ISO 1833-17	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 17: Mixtures of chlorofibers (homopolymers of vinyl chloride) and certain other fibers (method using sulfuric acid)
ISO 1833-18	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 18: Mixtures of silk and wool or hair (method using sulfuric acid)
ISO 1833-20	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 20: Mixtures of elastane and certain other fibers(method using dimethylacetamide)
ISO 1833-24	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 24: Mixtures of polyester and certain other fibers (method using phenol and tetrachloroethane)
ISO 3071	Textiles — Determination of pH of aqueous extract Textiles





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ISO 4045	Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of pH and difference figure
ISO 5398-1	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content –Part :1 Quantification by titration
ISO 5398-2	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 2: Quantification by colorimetric determination
ISO 5398-3	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 3: Quantification by atomic absorption spectrometry
ISO 5398-4	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 4: Quantification by inductively coupled plasma - optical emission spectrometer (ICP-OES)
ISO 8124-3	Safety of toys — Part 3: Migration of certain elements
ISO 8124-5	Safety of toys — Part 5: Determination of total concentration of certain elements in toys
ISO 8124-6	Safety of toys — Part 6: Certain phthalate esters in toys and children's products
ISO 12945-1	Textiles — Determination of fabric propensity to surface pilling, fuzzing or matting — Part 1: Pilling box method
ISO 12945-2	Textiles — Determination of fabric propensity to surface pilling, fuzzing or matting — Part 2: Modified Martindale method
ISO 14184-1	Textiles — Determination of formaldehyde — Part 1: Free and hydrolysed formaldehyde (water extraction method)
ISO 14184-2	Textiles - Determination of formaldehyde - Part2: Released formaldehyde (vapour absorption method)
ISO 14362-1	Textiles — Methods for determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colorants — Part 1: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants accessible with and without extracting the fibres
ISO 14362-3	Textiles — Methods for determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colorants — Part 3: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants, which may release 4-aminoazobenzene
ISO 14389	Textiles — Determination of the phthalate content — Tetrahydrofuran method
ISO 16373-2	Textiles — Dyestuffs — Part 2: General method for the determination of extractable dyestuffs including allergenic and carcinogenic dyestuffs (method using pyridine-water)
ISO 17070	Leather — Chemical tests — Determination of tetrachlorophenol-, trichlorophenol-, dichlorophenol-, monochlorophenol-isomers and pentachlorophenol content
ISO 17072-1	Chemical determination of metal content —Part 1: Extractable metals
ISO 17075-1	Leather Chemical determination of chromium(VI) content in leather





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ISO 17234-1	Leather — Chemical tests for the determination of certain azo colourants in dyed leathers — Part 1: Determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colourants
ISO 17234-2	Leather — Chemical tests for the determination of certain azo colorants in dyed leathers — Part 2: Determination of 4-aminoazobenzene
ISO 17881-1	Textiles — Determination of certain flame retardants — Part 1: Brominated flame retardants
ISO 17881-2	Textiles — Determination of certain flame retardants — Part 2: Phosphorus flame retardants
ISO 18254-1	Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) — Part 1: Method using HPLC-MS
ISO/TS 16179	Footwear — Critical substances potentially present in footwear and footwear components — Determination of organotin compounds in footwear materials
SASO GSO 1957	Methods of testing harmful substances used in textile products
SASO ISO 1833-1	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 1: General principles of testing
SASO ISO 1833-2	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 2 : Ternary fiber mixtures
SASO ISO 1833-3	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 3: Mixtures of acetate and certain other fibers (method using acetone)
SASO ISO 1833-4	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 4: Mixtures of certain protein and certain other fibers (method using hypochlorite)
SASO ISO 1833-5	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 5: Mixtures of viscose, cupro or modal and cotton fibers (method using sodium zincate)
SASO ISO 1833-6	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 6: Mixtures of viscose or certain types of cupro or modal or lyocell and cotton fibers (method using formic acid and zinc chloride)
SASO ISO 1833-7	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 7: Mixtures of polyamide and certain other fibers (method using formic acid)
SASO ISO 1833-8	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 8: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibers (method using acetone)
SASO ISO 1833-9	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 9: Mixtures of acetate and triacetate fibers (method using benzyl alcohol)
SASO ISO 1833-10	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 10: Mixtures of triacetate or polylactide and certain other fibers (method using dichloromethane)
SASO ISO 1833-11	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 11: Mixtures of cellulose and polyester fibers (method using sulfuric acid)



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SASO ISO 1833-12	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 12: Mixtures of acrylic, certain mod acrylics, certain chloro-fibers, certain elastane's and certain other fibers (method using dimethylformamide)
SASO ISO 1833-14	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 14: Mixtures of acetate and certain chlorofibers (method using acetic acid)
SASO ISO 1833-17	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 17: Mixtures of chlorofibers (homopolymers of vinyl chloride) and certain other fibers (method using sulfuric acid)
SASO ISO 1833-18	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 18: Mixtures of silk and wool or hair (method using sulfuric acid)
SASO ISO 1833-20	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 20: Mixtures of elastane and certain other fibers(method using dimethylacetamide)
SASO ISO 1833-24	Textiles - Quantitative chemical analysis - Part 24: Mixtures of polyester and certain other fibers (method using phenol and tetrachloroethane)
SASO ISO 3071	Textiles - Determination of pH of aqueous extract
SASO ISO 5398-1	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content –Part :1 Quantification by titration
SASO ISO 5398-2	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 2: Quantification by colorimetric determination
SASO ISO 5398-3	Leather - Chemical determination of chromic oxide content - Part 3: Quantification by atomic absorption spectrometry
SASO ISO 14184-1	Textiles — Determination of formaldehyde — Part 1: Free and hydrolysed formaldehyde (water extraction method)
SASO ISO 14184-2	Textiles - Determination of formaldehyde - Part 2: Released formaldehyde (vapor absorption method)
SASO ISO 14362-1	Textiles - Methods for determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colorants - Part 1: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants accessible with and without extracting the fibres
SASO ISO 14362-3	Textiles - Methods for determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colorants - Part 3: Detection of the use of certain azo colorants, which may release 4aminoazobenzene
SASO ISO 16373-1	Textiles - Dyestuffs - Part 1: General principles of testing colored textiles for dyestuff identification
SASO ISO 16373-2	Textiles - Dyestuffs - Part 2: General method for the determination of extractable dyestuffs including allergenic and carcinogenic dyestuffs (method using pyridine-water)
SASO ISO 16373-3	Textiles - Dyestuffs - Part 3: Method for determination of certain carcinogenic dyestuffs (method using triethylamine /methanol)





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SASO ISO 17070	Leather - Chemical tests - Determination of pentachlorophenol content
SASO ISO 17075-1	Leather — Chemical determination of chromium(VI) content in leather — Part 1 Colorimetric method
SASO ISO 17234-1	Leather - Chemical tests for the determination of certain azo colorants in dyed leathers - Part 1: Determination of certain aromatic amines derived from azo colorants
SASO ISO 17234-2	Leather - Chemical tests for the determination of certain azo colorants in dyed leathers – Part 2: Determination of 4- aminoazobenzene
SASO ISO 17881-1	Textiles - Determination of certain flame retardants - Part 1: Brominated flame retardants
SASO ISO 17881-2	Textiles - Determination of certain flame retardants - Part 2: Phosphorus flame retardants
SASO ISO 18254-1	Textiles — Method for the detection and determination of alkylphenol ethoxylates (APEO) — Part 1: Method using HPLC-MS
SASO ISO/TS 16179	Footwear - Critical substances potentially present in footwear and footwear components - Determination of organotin compounds in footwear materials
XP G08-015	Textiles - Determination of pentachlorophenol
Machine Safety	
EN 280	Mobile elevating work platforms Design calculations – Stability criteria – Construction – Safety – Examinations and tests
EN 1493	Vehicle lifts
EN 1494	Mobile or movable jacks and associated lifting equipment
EN 60204-1	Safety of machinery- Electrical equipment of machines - General requirements
EN ISO 3691-1	Industrial trucks-Safety requirements and verification - Self-propelled industrial trucks, other than driverless trucks, variable-reach trucks and burden-carrier trucks
EN ISO 12100	Safety of machinery-General principles for design. Risk assessment and risk reduction
GSO 96	Motor vehicles – Methods of testing safety belts
GSO 97	Motor vehicles – Safety belts
GSO 98	Motor vehicles – Flammability of interior materials and their testing methods
GSO 99	Road vehicles – Sound signalling devices technical specifications
GSO 419	Motor vehicles – Methods of test for door locks and door hinges
GSO 420	Motor vehicles – Door locks and door hinges





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GSO 1503	Motor vehicle head lamps – Safety requirements
GSO 1598	Motor vehicles – Head restraints and their methods of test
GSO 1677	Motor vehicles – Laminated safety glass
GSO 1780	Motor vehicle – Vehicle identification number (vin) - requirements
GSO 1781	Motor vehicles – World manufacturer identifier
GSO ISO 3537	Road vehicles – Safety glazing materials-mechanical tests
GSO ISO 3538	Road vehicles – Safety glazing materials – test methods for optical properties
IEC 60204-1	Safety of machinery- Electrical equipment of machines - General requirements
ISO 12100	Safety of machinery-General principles for design. Risk assessment and risk reduction
SASO GSO 420	Motor vehicles – Door locks and door hinges
SASO GSO 1598	Motor vehicles – Head restraints and their methods of test
SASO GSO 1780	Motor vehicle – Vehicle identification number (vin) – requirements
SASO GSO 1781	Motor vehicles – World manufacturer identifier
SASO GSO ISO 3537	Road vehicles – Safety glazing materials-mechanical tests
SASO ISO 3538	Road vehicles – Safety glazing materials – test methods for optical properties



