

IAF MD 8: 2017 - Application of ISO/IEC 17011:2004 in the Field of Medical Device Quality Management Systems (ISO 13485)

Introduction



- The objective of this document is to enable Accreditation Bodies to harmonize their application
 of ISO/IEC 17011:2004 for the accreditation of bodies providing audit and certification to ISO 13485
- This document provides normative criteria on the application of ISO/IEC 17011:2004 for the accreditation
 of bodies providing audit and certification of organization's management system to ISO13485.
- This document follows the structure of ISO/IEC 1701:2004. IAF normative criteria are identified by the letters "MD" followed with a reference number that incorporates the related requirements clause in ISO/IEC 1701:2004.
- It is also appropriate as a requirements document for the peer evaluation process for the IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA) among Accreditation Bodies

Note

IAF MD 8 :2017 (issue 3) was published prior to publication of ISO/IEC 17011:2017 (second edition)

Terms & Definition



Regulatory Authority:

- A government agency or other entity that exercises a legal right to control the use or sale of medical
 devices within its jurisdiction, and may take enforcement action to ensure that medical device
 products marketed within its jurisdiction comply with legal requirements.
- Within the European Medical Devices Regulation the Regulatory Authority as defined above is titled Competent Authority.

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- Witness during initial assessment shall cover higher risk class of technical areas (MD 7.5.6)
- When developing a witnessing schedule, the AB should consider, the experience of the CAB e.g. recognized for one or more medical device regulatory scheme(s), in an effort to rationalize the witnessing schedule. Typical regulatory schemes are European Medical Devices Directives and
 - Medical Device Regulation (MDR).

 - In-Vitro Diagnostic Devices Directive (IVD).

 Active Implantable Medical Devices Directive (AIMD) Other jurisdictions include.

 Canada Health Canada, Canadian Medical Devices Conformity Assessment System (CMDCAS).

 Australia Therapeutic Goods Administration, Therapeutic Goods Regulations.

The accreditation certificate shall indicate the scope of accreditation which should clearly specify the chnical Areas as defined in Annex 1 .

Requirements for Reassessments and Surveillance



- $\bullet \quad \text{The surveillance on-site office assessments shall be conducted at least once a year.}\\$
- $Surveillance \ and \ reassessment \ shall \ include \ on-site \ assessment \ as \ well \ as \ witnessing.$
- The witnessing program shall ensure, as a minimum, that one audit from each of the Main Technical Areas (shown in Annex 1) under the scope of accreditation within an accreditation cycle
- The sampling for witnessing shall give priority to higher risk technical areas. Witness assessments should avoid the repeated witnessing of the same CAB client organization.
- All premises where one or more key activities are performed shall be assessed during the accreditation
 cycle.
- Records on the CAB shall additionally include concerns, opinions and feedback received from Regulatory Authority on the performance of the CAB pertaining to the scope of accreditation.

ANNEX 1 - Scopes of Accreditation Medical **Devices Technical Areas**



- The accreditation certificate issued by the AB should use only the Main Technical Areas and Areas. When using technical areas other than specified in the table as scope of accredit technical areas shall be detailed.
- Main Technical Areas in Table 1.1 1.6 are applicable to finished medical devices.

Note: A finished medical device is defined as any device or accessory to any medical device that is suitable for use or capable of functioning, whether or not it is packaged, labeled, or sterilized.

- Where the CAB is seeking accreditation for a scope, which includes nonmanufacturing activities or manufacturing of parts which are not categorized as finished medical devices, Table 1.7 shall be used for scoping.
- Any other product that does not have medical or therapeutic purposes (border line products, such as cosmetic, herbal, nutritional supplements, beauty equipment, etc.) or not directly connected to the prevention or restoration of the health state of the persons, can not be classified as a medical device.
- noice of provider to fall into the classification of the medical device must be supported by a nof the RA and indicated in official Guidelines or Specifications issued to that purpose.

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by the Technical Areas
Non-active Medical Devices	General non-active, non- implantable medical devices	Non-active devices for anaesthesia, emergency and intensive care Non-active devices for injection, infusion, transfusion and dialysis
		Non-active orthopedic and rehabilitation devices Non-active medical devices with measuring function Non-active ophthalmologic devices Non-active instruments

	Contraceptive medical devices Non-active medical devices for disinfecting, cleaning, rinsing Non-active devices for in vitro fertilisation (IVF) and assisted reproductive technologies (AR Non-active medical devices for ingestion.
Non-active implants	Non-active cardiovascular implants Non-active orthopedic implants Non-active functional implants
Devices for wound care	Non-active soft tissue implants Bandages and wound dressings Suture material and clamps Other medical devices for wound
Non-active dental devices and accessories	care Non-active dental devices/equipment and instruments Dental materials Dental implants
Non-active medical devices other than specified above	Dental Implants

Table 1.2 - ACTIV	'E (NON-IMPLANTABLE) MEDICAL D	EVICES
Main Technical	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by
Areas		the Technical Areas
Active Medical Devices (Non- Implantable)	General active medical devices	Devices for extra-corporal circulation, infusion and haemopheresis Respiratory devices, devices including hyperbaric chambers for oxygen therapy, inhalation anaesthesia Devices for stimulation or inhibition
		Active surgical devices Active ophthalmologic devices
		Active dental devices
		Active devices for disinfection and sterilization

active prostheses Active devices for patient positioning and transport Active devices for in vitro fertilisation (IVF) and assisted reproductive technologies (ART) Software Medical gas supply systems and part thereof	
Devices utilizing ionizing radiation Devices utilizing non-ionizing	
Monitoring devices of non-vital physiological parameters Monitoring devices of vital	
Devices utilising ionizing radiation	
radiation Devices for hyperthermia / hypothermia Devices for (extracorporal)	
shock-wave therapy (lithotripsy)	
	Active devices for patient positioning and transport Active devices for in vitro fertilisation (IVF) and assisted reproductive technologies (ART) Software Medical gas supply systems and parts thereof Devices utilizing ionizing radiation Devices utilizing non-ionizing radiation Monitoring devices of non-vital physiological parameters In physiological parameters Devices utilising ionizing radiation Devices utilising ionizing radiation Devices utilising non-ionizing radiation Devices of non-vital physiological parameters Devices for hyperthermia physionermia Devices for hyperthermia physionermia Devices for (extracorporal)

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by the Technical Areas
Active Implantable Medical Devices	General active implantable medical devices	Active implantable medical devices for stimulation / inhibition Active implantable medical devices delivering drugs or other substances Active implantable medical devices substituting or replacing organ functions
	Implantable medical devices other than specified above	

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by the Technical Areas
erilization ethod for	Ethylene oxide gas sterilization (EOG)	
Medical Devices	Moist heat	
	Aseptic processing	
	Radiation sterilization (e.g.	
	gamma, x-ray, electron beam)	
	Sterilization method other than specified above	

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by the Technical Areas
Devices incorporating/utilizing	Medical devices incorporating medicinal substances	
specific substances/ technologies	Medical devices utilizing tissues of animal origin	
	Medical devices incorporating derivates of human blood	
	Medical devices utilizing micromechanics	
	Medical devices utilizing nanomaterials	
	Medical devices utilizing biological active coatings and/or materials or being wholly or mainly absorbed	
	Medical devices incorporating or utilizing specific substances/technologies/elements,	

Main Technical Areas	Technical Areas	Product Categories Covered by the Technical Areas
Parts or services.	Raw materials	Raw metals, plastic, wood, ceramic
	Components	Electrical components, fasteners, shaped raw materials, machined raw materials and molded plastic
	Subassemblies	Electronic subassemblies mechanical subassemblies, made to drawings and/or work instructions
	Calibration services *	Verification/confirmation services for measuring instruments, tools or test fixtures

Dist	istribution services	Distributors providing storage and delivery of medical devices, not acting as a 'legal manufacturer' for medical devices.
Mair	aintenance services	Electrical or mechanical repair services, facility cleaning and maintenance services, uniform cleaning and testing of ESD smocks.
Tran	ransportation services	Trucking, shipping, air transportation service in general.
Othe	ther services	Consulting services related to medical devices, packaging services, etc.

