



**International Accreditation Service, Inc.**  
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April 25, 2019

**TO: IAS-ACCREDITED STEEL FABRICATORS, INSPECTION AGENCIES AND OTHER INTERESTED PARTIES**

**SUBJECT: Proposed Revisions to the Accreditation Criteria for Fabricator Inspection Programs for Structural Steel, Subject AC172-0419-0419-R1 (WM/SM/DM)**

**Hearing Information:**

IAS Accreditation Committee  
Electronic Ballot

Dear Madam or Sir:

The proposed IAS Accreditation Criteria for Fabricator Inspection Programs For Structural Steel, AC172, has been placed on the agenda for committee consideration by means of electronic balloting.

The reason for this revision to AC172 is to add Section 4.2.5.2 for screws. This section adds the ability for a fabricator to be recognized for pre-assembly of components using screws.

There are other revision to AC172 as well that are only editorial and corrects grammar and punctuation in the body of the criteria.

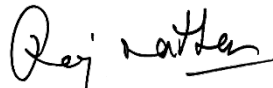
You are cordially invited to submit written comments. Written comments will be forwarded to the committee, with the electronic ballot, if received by **June 3, 2019**. Please use the comment form link found on the Accreditation Committee meeting page on the IAS website, [www.iasonline.org](http://www.iasonline.org). Comments may be postal mailed to the address above, or emailed to [iasinfo@iasonline.org](mailto:iasinfo@iasonline.org).

Any written material submitted for committee consideration will be available for public distribution as set forth in Section 4.0 of the Rules of Procedure for Accreditation Committee Meetings (copy enclosed).

Your cooperation is requested in forwarding to the **Brea** office, as noted above, all material directed to the committee. Prior to the balloting, parties should refrain from communicating, whether in writing or verbally, with committee members regarding this item. The committee reserves the right to refuse communications that do not comply with this request.

If you have any questions, please contact David Musselwhite, accreditation officer, at 562-364-8201, extension 5535, or the undersigned at 562-364-8201. You may also reach us by e-mail at [iasinfo@iasonline.org](mailto:iasinfo@iasonline.org).

Yours very truly,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Raj Nathan". The signature is written in a cursive style with a horizontal line underneath the name.

Raj Nathan  
President

RN/nl

Enclosures

cc: Accreditation Committee



## RULES OF PROCEDURE FOR ACCREDITATION COMMITTEE MEETINGS

### 1 1.0 PURPOSE

2 The purpose of the Accreditation Committee and its meetings is to safeguard IAS' impartiality to monitor the work of and  
3 to approve accreditation criteria for International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS).

4 The committee meetings, which are open public hearings, provide an opportunity for effective involvement by all  
5 interested parties.

### 6 2.0 MEETINGS

7 2.1 The Accreditation Committee shall schedule meetings that are open to the public in discharging its duties under  
8 Section 1, subject to Section 5.0 of these rules.

9 2.2 To properly discharge its responsibilities with respect to monitoring of IAS accreditation activities, the committee shall  
10 have a standing item on its meeting agenda for a presentation by staff on the status of its accredited programs and information  
11 on any pending appeals.

12 2.3 All scheduled meetings shall be publicly announced.

13 2.4 A majority of the voting Accreditation Committee members shall constitute a quorum. A majority vote of members  
14 present is required on any action.

15 2.5 If a specific interest group is not represented, votes by the committee on subjects related to that interest group will be  
16 held in abeyance. IAS staff shall make pertinent information available to absentee committee members, and ballot the  
17 members at a later stage. Records of such ballots shall be made available upon request.

18 2.6 In the absence of the nonvoting Chair-Moderator, Accreditation Committee members present shall elect an alternate  
19 Chairman from the committee for that meeting. The alternate Chairman shall be counted as a voting committee member for  
20 purposes of maintaining a committee quorum and to cast a tie-breaking vote of the committee.

21 2.7 Minutes of the meetings shall be kept.

### 22 3.0 MEMBER COMPETENCE CRITERIA

23 Members of the Accreditation Committee shall be familiar with conformity assessment and the implementation of  
24 regulatory requirements within their industry sector. They shall possess:

- 25 • A Baccalaureate degree from an accredited institution or a minimum of ten years equivalent experience as determined by  
26 IAS;
- 27 • Current employment within the conformity assessment, regulatory field, academia, industry, or IAS accredited CAB; and
- 28 • Demonstrated expertise in one or more accreditation programs offered by IAS.

29 **4.0 MEETING RECORDS**

30 Official meeting records shall be kept by IAS; no other audio, video, electronic or stenographic recordings of the meetings  
31 will be permitted. Visual aids (including, but not limited to, charts, slides, videos, or presentation software) viewed at meetings  
32 shall be permitted only if the presenter provides IAS before presentation with a copy of the visual aid in a medium which can  
33 be retained by IAS with its record of the meeting and which can also be provided to interested parties requesting a copy. A  
34 copy of the IAS minutes of the meeting and such visual aids, if any, will be available to interested parties upon written request  
35 made to IAS together with a payment as required by IAS to cover costs of preparation and duplication of the copy. These  
36 materials will be available shortly after the conclusion of the meeting but will no longer be available after 60 days have elapsed  
37 from the conclusion of the meeting.

38 **5.0 WRITTEN COMMUNICATIONS AND SUBMISSIONS**

39 Parties interested in the deliberations of the committee should refrain from communicating, whether in writing or verbally,  
40 with committee members regarding agenda items. All written communications and submissions regarding agenda items  
41 should be delivered to IAS. All such written communications and submissions shall be considered nonconfidential and  
42 available for discussion in open session of an Accreditation Committee meeting, and shall be delivered *at least twenty days*  
43 before the scheduled Accreditation Committee meeting if they are to be forwarded to the Committee. Correspondence  
44 received by IAS will not be released to any party, except to the Accreditation Committee, prior to the meeting without  
45 permission of the author. The committee reserves the right to refuse recognition of communications which do not comply with  
46 the provisions of this section. All such communications and submissions will be available from IAS upon written request and  
47 payment of costs associated with duplication. The materials will be available shortly after the conclusion of the meeting but will  
48 no longer be available after 60 days have elapsed from the conclusion of the meeting.

49 **6.0 CLOSED SESSIONS**

50 Meetings shall be open except that the chairman may call for a closed session to seek advice of counsel.

51 **7.0 ACCREDITATION CRITERIA**

52 Criteria are established by the committee to provide a basis for International Accreditation Service, Inc., accreditations.  
53 Consideration of accreditation criteria must be in conjunction with a current and valid application for an IAS accreditation listing  
54 or as otherwise determined by the Accreditation Committee.

55 **7.1 Procedure**

56 **7.1.1 New Criteria**

57 **7.1.1.1** Proposed accreditation criteria may be submitted by interested parties to IAS, and/or shall be developed by the  
58 IAS staff and discussed in open session with the Accreditation Committee during a scheduled meeting

59 **7.1.1.2** Proposed accreditation criteria shall be available to interested parties approximately 60 days before discussion  
60 at the committee meeting, unless determined by IAS management that extraordinary consideration and electronic balloting are  
61 needed.

62 **7.1.1.3** The committee shall be informed of all pertinent written communications received by IAS. Parties interested in  
63 proposed new criteria may deliver communications and submissions regarding such proposed criteria to IAS within 40 days of  
64 the posting of the public notice on the IAS website. Such communications and submissions will otherwise be subject to the  
65 provisions of Section 4.0 of these rules.

66 **7.1.1.4** Attendees at Accreditation Committee meetings shall have the opportunity to speak on accreditation criteria  
67 listed on the meeting agenda, to provide information to committee members.

68 **7.1.2 Existing Criteria**

69 **7.1.2.1** Changes to existing accreditation criteria may be submitted by interested parties to IAS, and/or shall be  
70 changed by the IAS staff. Existing accreditation criteria may be revised by the committee either (i) at a public meeting pursuant  
71 to the procedures set forth herein, or (ii) by electronic ballot, provided public notice is provided as stipulated I Section 7.1.1.2.

72 **7.1.2.2** The committee shall be informed of all pertinent written communications received by IAS. Parties interested in  
73 the proposed revisions to accreditation criteria may deliver communications and submissions regarding such proposed  
74 revisions to IAS within the following timelines:

75

Type	Dates
Public Meeting	40 Days after posting of proposed criteria
Electronic Balloting Process	30 Days after posting of proposed criteria

76

77 Such communications and submissions will otherwise be subject to the provisions of Section 4.0 of these rules.

78 **7.1.3 ELECTRONIC BALLOTING**

79 **7.1.3.1** IAS management shall provide written rationale and seek permission and documented approval from the IAS  
80 Accreditation Committee chair to propose new criteria or to revise existing criteria for extraordinary consideration and  
81 electronic balloting by the committee.

82 **7.1.3.2** Proposed accreditation criteria shall be available to interested parties approximately 30 days before  
83 consideration by the committee. All pertinent written communications received by IAS relating to the proposed criteria shall be  
84 received no later than 30 days after the posting of the criteria. Ballots, along with comments received and staff  
85 recommendations, will be submitted to the committee for consideration. The committee shall return their ballots with their  
86 recommendations within 10 days from the date ballots are sent. The results of the balloting will be compiled and forwarded to  
87 the chair of the committee for validation and decision.

88 **7.1.3.3** The electronically balloted criteria shall be brought back to the next regularly scheduled accreditation  
89 committee hearing as per Section 7.1.2 of these rules,

90 **7.1.4 Effective Date of Published Criteria**

91 **7.1.4.1** The effective date of approved accreditation criteria or approved revisions to existing accreditation criteria shall  
92 be no earlier than 30 days following the public meeting.

93 **7.1.4.2** Approved criteria using electronic balloting shall be effective the date of posting of the criteria on the IAS  
94 website.

95 **7.2 Approval**

96 Approval of accreditation criteria shall be as specified in Section 2.4 of these rules.

97

98 **8.0 ACCREDITATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

99 **8.1** The IAS Accreditation Committee members are appointed or reappointed annually by the IAS Board of Directors in  
100 consultation with the IAS President.

101  
102 **8.2** Committee members are selected from senior management positions within accredited organizations, users of  
103 accreditation, industry groups and governmental or regulatory organizations. The individuals appointed to the committee shall  
104 have knowledge of regulatory codes within their industry sector and international conformity assessment process and  
105 practices. ■

1     **PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR FABRICATOR**  
2                                   **INSPECTION PROGRAMS FOR STRUCTURAL STEEL**

3  
4                                   **AC172**

5  
6  
7                                   **Proposed April 2019**

8  
9  
10  
11                                   **PREFACE**

12  
13    The attached accreditation criteria have been proposed to provide all interested parties with an  
14    opportunity to comment. These criteria may be further revised as needed. The criteria are  
15    developed and adopted following public hearings conducted by the International Accreditation  
16    Service, Inc. (IAS), Accreditation Committee and are effective on the first of the month following  
17    approval by the Accreditation Committee, but no earlier than 30 days following the approval.  
18  
19  
20  
21

22 **PROPOSED REVISIONS TO THE ACCREDITATION CRITERIA FOR FABRICATOR INSPECTION**  
23 **PROGRAMS FOR STRUCTURAL STEEL**

24  
25 **1. INTRODUCTION**

26 1.1. **Scope:** These criteria set forth the requirements for obtaining and maintaining International  
27 Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), Fabricator Inspection Programs for Structural Steel  
28 accreditation. These criteria supplement the IAS Rules of Procedure for Accreditation of  
29 Fabricator Inspection Programs.

30 1.2. **Overview:** Accredited entities complying with these criteria will have demonstrated they have the  
31 personnel, organization, experience, knowledge, quality procedures and commitment to fabricate  
32 in accordance with specified requirements. IAS-accredited inspection programs for  
33 manufacturers of metal building systems operate under a documented management system  
34 developed in concert with IAS-accredited inspection agency which conducts unannounced  
35 inspections to verify continued compliance with these criteria. The management system includes  
36 the manufacturer's written fabrication procedures and quality control manuals which provide a  
37 basis for control of materials and workmanship, with periodic inspections of fabrication and  
38 quality control practices by an IAS-accredited inspection agency. Although accredited entities  
39 are evaluated on their performance measures to consistently produce products of the required  
40 quality mandated by specified requirements, these criteria do not cover the products or the  
41 design or performance characteristics of the products.

42  
43 1.3. **Normative and Reference Documents:** Publications listed below refer to current editions  
44 (unless otherwise stated).

45 1.3.1. International Building Code®, published by the International Code Council.

46 1.3.2. IAS Rules of Procedure for Accreditation of Fabricator Inspection Programs.

47 1.3.3. American Welding Society: D1.1, D1.3, D1.4, AASHTO/AWS D1.5 and D1.8 Structural  
48 Welding Code.

49 1.3.4. American Welding Society: A2.4, Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing, and  
50 Nondestructive Examination.

51 1.3.5. American Welding Society: A3.0, Standard Welding Terms and Definitions Including  
52 Terms for Adhesive Bonding, Brazing, Soldering, Thermal Cutting, and Thermal  
53 Spraying.

54 1.3.6. American Welding Society: QC1, Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors.

55 1.3.7. Canadian Standards Association: W178.2, Certification of welding inspectors.

56 1.3.8. The Society for Protective Coatings (SSPC):

57 1.3.8.1. SSPC Painting Manual, Volume 1, Good Painting Practice.

58 1.3.8.2. SSPC Painting Manual, Volume 2, Systems and Specifications.



- 59 1.3.9. Research Council on Structural Connections: RCSC – Specification for Structural  
60 Joints Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts.
- 61 1.3.10. ISO 9606-1, Qualification testing of welders – Fusion welding – Part 1: Steels.
- 62 1.3.11. The American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT): SNT-TC-1A Personnel  
63 Qualification and Certification in Nondestructive Testing.
- 64 1.3.12. American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC), ANSI/AISC 360 Specification for  
65 Structural Steel Buildings.
- 66 1.3.13. American Iron and Steel Institute: AISI S100: North American Specification for the  
67 Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members.
- 68 ~~1.3.13.~~1.3.14. ASTM C1513: Standard Specification for Steel Tapping Screws for Cold-Formed  
69 Steel Framing Connections.

70

## 71 2. DEFINITIONS

72 For the purposes of these accreditation criteria, the definitions given in the ISO/IEC Standard 17000  
73 series, and the definitions that follow, apply.

74 2.1. **Approved Fabricator:** An established and qualified person, firm or corporation approved by the  
75 building official pursuant to the *International Building Code*<sup>®</sup>, published by the International Code  
76 Council.

77 2.2. **Contract Documents:** Documents that describe the fabricator's responsibilities for a given  
78 project. These documents include work orders, drawings, and project specifications.

79 2.3. **Corrective Action:** Implemented action of solutions necessary to eliminate or reduce the root  
80 cause of an identified problem.

81 2.4. **DAR (Designated Accreditation Representative):** A quality professional, designated by the  
82 fabricator who has demonstrated competence in managing and implementing a management  
83 system with consistent results.

84 2.5. **DARD (Designated Accreditation Representative Deputy):** An employee designated by the  
85 fabricator who has demonstrated competence in managing and implementing the fabricator's  
86 management system during a temporary absence of the DAR.

87 **Note:** Reference Appendix A of AC172 for the requirements of the Designated Accreditation  
88 Representative.

89 2.6. **Management System:** A set of interrelated or interacting elements that organizations use to  
90 direct, control and coordinate how policies are implemented and objectives are achieved.

91 Previously, this was referred to as Quality System.

92 2.7. **Nonconformance:** An action employed that renders a member or component unacceptable for  
93 the intended use as specified in contract specifications or these criteria.

- 94 2.8. **Nondestructive Testing (NDT):** The process of inspecting, testing, or evaluating materials,  
95 components or assemblies for discontinuities, or differences in characteristics without destroying  
96 the serviceability of the part or system.
- 97 2.9. **PQR:** Procedure Qualification Record in accordance with AWS or AASHTO/AWS Standards, as  
98 applicable.
- 99 2.10. **Procedure:** An implemented and written document that describes who does what, when,  
100 where, why and how.
- 101 2.11. **Product:** Result of activities or processes.
- 102 2.12. **Project:** A process consisting of a set of coordinated and controlled activities undertaken to  
103 achieve customer requirements.
- 104 2.13. **Quality Assurance:** Measurable systematic actions to assure confidence that the  
105 implementation of planned activities ~~result~~ results in meeting objectives, goals and project  
106 specifications.
- 107 2.14. **Quality Control:** The act of examination, testing or measurement that verifies processes,  
108 services or that documents conform to specified criteria.
- 109 2.15. **Quality Plan:** A written document prepared by the designated accreditation representative that  
110 describes the procedures and policies implemented to assure product quality meets specific  
111 contract documents. As a minimum, quality plans must meet the requirements of AC172.
- 112 2.16. **Repair:** Action taken to render a member or component acceptable for the intended use.
- 113 2.17. **Scope of Accreditation:** Specific conformity assessment services for which accreditation is  
114 sought or has been granted.
- 115 2.18. **Specification:** A document that states the obligatory requirements the product must conform  
116 to.
- 117 2.19. **Steel Construction, Cold-formed:** That type of construction made up entirely or in part of  
118 steel structural members cold formed to shape from sheet or strip steel such as roof deck, floor  
119 and wall panels, studs, floor joists, roof joists and other structural elements.
- 120 2.20. **Steel Element, Structural:** Any steel structural member of a building or structure consisting  
121 of rolled shapes, pipe, hollow structural sections, plates, bars, sheets, rods or steel castings  
122 other than cold-formed steel or steel joist members.
- 123 2.21. **Steel Joist:** Any steel structural member of a building or structure made of hot-rolled or cold-  
124 formed solid or open-web ~~sections,~~ sections or riveted or welded bard strip or sheet steel  
125 members, or slotted and expanded, or otherwise deformed rolled sections.
- 126 2.22. **WPS:** Welding Procedure Specification in accordance with American Welding Society D1.1,  
127 D1.3, D1.4, or AASHTO/AWS D1.5, and D1.8 as applicable.

128  
129 **3. ELIGIBILITY**

130 Accreditation services are available to structural steel fabrication inspection program facilities that  
131 meet the requirements of these criteria.

132

#### 133 4. REQUIRED BASIC INFORMATION

134 4.1. Fabricator inspection programs for structural steel must demonstrate compliance with the  
135 following requirements:

136 4.1.1. The requirements of these accreditation criteria;

137 4.1.2. IAS Rules of Procedure for Accreditation of Fabricator Inspection Programs.

138

#### 139 4.2. General Requirements

##### 140 4.2.1. Quality System

141 4.2.1.1. The fabricator shall establish and implement a management system that is fully  
142 documented. This documented management system must describe the fabricator's  
143 procedures and quality activities for ensuring that fabricated products meet the  
144 specified requirements of these criteria.

145 4.2.1.2. The fabricator in concert with an IAS-accredited inspection agency, shall prepare and  
146 submit to IAS its documented management system, including a cross-reference  
147 matrix ensuring that the general requirements in Section 4.2, data in Section 4.3, the  
148 statements in Section 4.4, and the written procedures noted in Section 4.5 of these  
149 accreditation criteria have been included.

150 4.2.1.3. The submitted management system document must be signed and dated by the  
151 highest level of authority within the organization.

152 4.2.1.4. The submitted management system document must be signed and dated by an  
153 authorized representative of an IAS-accredited inspection agency, attesting that the  
154 inspection agency has reviewed the fabricator's documented management system  
155 and that the fabricator's documented management system is sufficient to schedule an  
156 onsite joint assessment with IAS.

157 4.2.2. **Designated Accreditation Representative:** The fabricator shall designate a  
158 Designated Accreditation Representative who has the necessary training and  
159 experience to complete the tasks listed in Sections 4.2.2.1. through 4.2.2.5. The  
160 Designated Accreditation Representative shall report directly to the highest level of  
161 authority within the organization. The Designated Accreditation Representative shall  
162 have the following responsibilities:

163 **Note:** Responsibilities noted in Sections 4.2.2.1. through 4.2.2.5. may be delegated to  
164 individuals such as a quality manager, where appropriate.

165 4.2.2.1. Maintaining the fabricator's documented management system in accordance with  
166 these criteria.

- 167 4.2.2.2. Monitoring the effective implementation of the fabricator's documented management  
168 system and reporting the results to the highest level of authority annually.
- 169 4.2.2.3. Assuring that, as a minimum, annual internal audits are conducted and documented,  
170 and that corrective actions are effectively implemented.
- 171 4.2.2.4. Assuring that annual management reviews are conducted and documented to assure  
172 the adequacy and effectiveness of the management system. Annual management  
173 reviews must include a summary and a documented plan of action for improvement.  
174 Documents to be considered during the annual management review must include,  
175 but are not limited to, customer complaints, back charges, internal audit results and  
176 corrective actions.
- 177 4.2.2.5. Developing quality plans that meet project ~~specifications,~~ specifications and having  
178 knowledge of and access to the appropriate documents to meet this requirement.
- 179 **4.2.3. In-house Quality Control (QC) Inspector:** The fabricator shall designate an in-house  
180 quality control inspector(s) who, as a minimum, must meet the following requirements:
- 181 4.2.3.1. Be a Certified Welding Inspector (CWI) in accordance with the provisions of AWS  
182 QC1 or the equivalent requirements of the Canadian Standards Association (CSA)  
183 Standard W178.2 or ICC Structural Steel and Bolting Special Inspector, or Structural  
184 Welding Special Inspector.
- 185 4.2.3.2. Be familiar with and demonstrate knowledge of codes and specifications, as  
186 appropriate, for the scope of work specified in the contract documents.
- 187 4.2.3.3. Be responsible for assuring that only qualified and certified welders are used, as  
188 specified by contract documents for the welding process and procedures permitted  
189 for use.
- 190 4.2.3.4. Be responsible for assuring continuity of the welders' qualifications as required by  
191 American Welding Society (AWS) D1.1.
- 192 4.2.3.5. Be responsible for overall workmanship and for making sure that all weldments are  
193 100% visually inspected. Although inspections may be delegated to qualified  
194 personnel during the receipt and in-process stages of assembly, it is the  
195 responsibility of the quality manager to ensure that inspections are performed and  
196 that the product meets project requirements.
- 197 4.2.3.6. Be responsible for ensuring that incoming raw materials are properly identified and  
198 inspected for compliance with quality plans and specifications.
- 199 4.2.3.7. Be responsible for ensuring and documenting that the final fabrication assembly can  
200 be traced back to the incoming materials, the quality assurance inspection records  
201 and the individual welder.

202 4.2.3.8. Be responsible for reviewing all Welding Procedure Specifications (WPSs) and  
203 Procedure Qualification Records (PQRs) and ensuring they are adequate before they  
204 are used in production welding operations.

205 **Note:** Approval of welding procedures must be obtained by the customer when  
206 specified by contract documents

207 4.2.4. **Welding Personnel:** The fabricator shall ensure that the following conditions are met:

208 4.2.4.1. All welding personnel shall be qualified by the test as described in AWS D1.1 or  
209 D1.3, or other accepted country-specific test standard, as appropriate, by a qualified  
210 independent third-party agency. Third-party qualification shall be by certification as  
211 an AWS Certified Welding Inspector (CWI) in accordance with the provisions of AWS  
212 QC1, *Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors*, or current qualification  
213 by the appropriate Canadian Welding Bureau (CWB) to the requirements of the  
214 Canadian Standards Association Standard W178.2, *Certification of Welding*  
215 *Inspectors*; or current qualification by approved third-party agencies, such as those  
216 accredited by an accreditation body that is an IAS Mutual Recognition Arrangement  
217 (MRA) partner, per ISO 9606-1 or by the International Code Council as an ICC  
218 Structural Welding Special Inspector (S2). The in-house CWI, CWB, or ICC Structural  
219 Welding Special Inspector (S2) may administer the welding tests; however, the  
220 qualification coupon shall be evaluated by the ~~third party~~ third-party CWI, CWB or  
221 ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector (S2). If tensile testing is required for  
222 qualification of welding personnel, the test, or test sample, must be sent to an IAS-  
223 accredited testing laboratory for examination. Such laboratories must be accredited  
224 by IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in an MRA.

225 4.2.4.2. All welding personnel shall have and use an identifying number, letter or symbol for  
226 the purpose of traceability.

#### 227 **4.2.5. Mechanical Fasteners**

228 **4.2.5.1. Bolting:** Procedures shall be developed as required in the project documents  
229 and shall address the following: ~~Fitting,~~ fitting, snug-tight, pre-tensioning, and faying  
230 surfaces.

231 **Note:** Fabricators that include high-strength bolting using ASTM A325 or ASTM A490  
232 bolts as a fabrication practice will receive recognition on the accreditation certificate.  
233 As a minimum, there must be an ICC certified Structural Steel and Bolting Special  
234 Inspector (S1) on staff.

235 **4.2.5.2. Screws:** Procedures shall be developed as required in the project documents  
236 and shall address the following: size, thread type, length, head type, drill tip type,  
237 material thickness and properties (of material being fastened), and spacing locations.  
238 Standard specifications for surface discontinuities meeting ASTM F788 or equivalent.

239 4.2.5. Note: Fabricators that include the use of screws, provide verification of  
240 procedures being followed, all documentation which identify materials used, and  
241 reports of fabrication practices will receive recognition on the accreditation certificate.

242 4.2.6. **Nondestructive Testing:** Procedures shall be developed as required in the project  
243 documents.

244 **Note:** Fabricators that include nondestructive testing as a fabrication practice will  
245 receive recognition on the certificate of accreditation.

#### 246 4.3. Required Data

247 The following information shall be included in the management system submittal:

- 248 4.3.1. The name of the fabrication facility, the physical street address, mailing address (if  
249 different), information of the person serving as the IAS contact (including the telephone  
250 number and e-mail address), and the telephone number of the fabrication facility.
- 251 4.3.2. A floor plan of the fabrication facility. The floor plan need not be to scale.
- 252 4.3.3. A list of major production equipment, including welding, burning, lifting and inspection  
253 equipment.
- 254 4.3.4. A list of typical items fabricated (e.g., beams, trusses, towers, signs, girders, etc.).
- 255 4.3.5. A copy of all WPSs for production welding. The WPSs shall be written to include  
256 essential and nonessential variables, in accordance with AWS D1.1, AWS D1.3,  
257 AASHTO/AWS D1.5, or AWS D1.8, as appropriate for the type of fabrication performed  
258 at the facility.
- 259 4.3.6. A copy of all PQRs for WPSs qualified by testing, when required. PQRs pertaining to  
260 AASHTO/AWS D1.5 must be current within the last five years. PQRs for the welding of  
261 fracture-critical members must be current within the last three years and must include  
262 the submerged arc welding process.
- 263 4.3.7. A list of qualified welding personnel, including their approved welding process,  
264 limitations to their qualifications and their identification marks.
- 265 4.3.8. Evidence that welding personnel are qualified by the test as described in AWS D1.1 or  
266 D1.3, or ~~other~~ another accepted country-specific test standard, as appropriate, by a  
267 qualified independent third-party agency. Third-party qualification shall be by  
268 certification as an AWS Certified Welding Inspector (CWI) in accordance with the  
269 provisions of AWS QC1, *Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors*, or  
270 current qualification by the Canadian Welding Bureau (CWB) to the requirements of the  
271 Canadian Standards Association Standard W178.2, *Certification of Welding Inspectors*,  
272 or current qualification by approved third-party agencies, such as those accredited by  
273 an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in an MRA, per ISO 9606-1 or by the  
274 International Code Council as a Structural Welding Special Inspector. The in-house  
275

276 CWI, CWB, or ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector may administer the welding  
277 tests; however, the qualification coupon shall be evaluated by the ~~third-party~~ third-party  
278 CWI, CWB or ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector. If tensile testing is required for  
279 qualification of welding personnel, the test, or test sample, must be sent to an IAS-  
280 accredited testing laboratory for examination. Such laboratories must be accredited by  
281 IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in an MRA.

282 4.3.9. The name and identifying number, letter or symbol of the in-house quality control  
283 inspector, for the purpose of traceability.

284 4.3.10. The name(s) of the deputy in-house QC inspector who assumes the position in the  
285 absence of the primary in-house QC person.

286 4.3.11. An organizational chart of the fabricator, including the names of the responsible quality  
287 manager/Designated Accreditation Representative. This chart must show the  
288 relationships among the CEO, project manager, quality manager, in-house quality  
289 control inspector, deputy in-house inspector, production manager and welding  
290 personnel.

291 4.3.12. A list of approved vendors, including any testing agencies employed to verify a WPS.

292 4.3.13. A list of test and measuring equipment.

293 **Note:** Test and measuring equipment must be calibrated and traceable to a national  
294 standard. The equipment list must include sufficient testing instruments to assure  
295 quality compliance as appropriate for the items being fabricated.

#### 296

#### 297 4.4. Required Statements

298 The following statements shall be provided in the management system submittal:

299 4.4.1. A quality policy statement that includes the following elements:

300 4.4.1.1. All activities of the organization shall be directed in such a manner as to ensure that  
301 the quality requirements of AC172 will be met.

302 4.4.1.2. The elements of the quality assurance program will be disseminated to all personnel  
303 assigned activities that affect the quality of the product.

304 4.4.2. The manual shall, at a minimum, be reviewed annually.

305 4.4.3. IAS will be notified, in writing, prior to any cancellation of the inspection agreement with  
306 the accredited inspection agency.

307 4.4.4. Copies of reports of inspections conducted by the inspection agency, if they note major  
308 quality control variations, will be forwarded by the fabricator to IAS within 10 days of the  
309 major deficiency being reported.

310 4.4.5. The fabricator will notify the inspection agency when the fabrication facility is to be  
311 closed for extended time periods other than for normally scheduled periods for  
312 maintenance or vacations or two or more weeks regardless of the circumstances of the

313 closure. IAS and the inspection agency will be notified 10 days prior to resumption of  
314 operations.

315 4.4.6. IAS will be notified in writing by the fabricator and the inspection agency if  
316 unannounced, follow-up inspections have not been conducted by the inspection  
317 agency.

318 4.4.7. The fabricator will promptly investigate and respond to IAS or a building official when  
319 informed of complaints regarding the noncompliance of finished product with stated  
320 specifications.

321 4.4.8. IAS and the accredited inspection agency must be notified within 30 days of any  
322 changes in management personnel. As a minimum, this would include the president,  
323 general manager, project manager, purchasing manager, production manager,  
324 Designated Accreditation Representative, quality manager or principal engineer.

325

#### 326 4.5. Required Written Procedures

327 The fabricator shall submit written procedures for the following:

328 4.5.1. **Contract Review:** Review of contract documents to ensure that the needed resources  
329 exist to fulfill the contract requirements. The contract review procedure must include  
330 provisions that assure the review is appropriate, that the product and service will meet  
331 the specifications and must include a provision for the approval of exceptions or  
332 change requests. Reviews shall be performed by personnel who have access to the  
333 appropriate information and have adequate knowledge of the requirements and must  
334 be approved by the quality manager/Designated Accreditation Representative.

335

336 Reference Appendix A of AC172 for the requirements of the Designated Accreditation  
337 Representative.

338 4.5.2. **Document Control:** Control of documents and data relating to the quality functions of  
339 the fabricator. This control must include the following:

340 4.5.2.1. A document approval procedure.

341 4.5.2.2. A procedure to ensure that only current, approved documents are used.

342 4.5.2.3. A procedure to ensure that documents are available at all locations where necessary  
343 for the proper functioning of the management system.

344 4.5.2.4. Information on how detail drawings are prepared and how revisions to contract  
345 documents and change orders are approved.

#### 346 4.5.3. **Purchasing**

347 4.5.3.1. Determining that purchased products will conform to specified requirements. The  
348 procedure must include a requirement that the type and grade of material be  
349 documented on the purchase order agreement.



350 4.5.3.2. Evaluation of subcontractors for their ability to meet subcontract requirements.  
351 Evaluations may contain summaries or logs, but must include a means of quantifying  
352 and measuring the ability of the subcontractor or supplier to provide quality products  
353 or services consistent with the required contract documents. For projects requiring  
354 IAS accreditation, subcontract fabrication may be subcontracted only to fabrication  
355 facilities that are currently IAS-accredited.

356 **Note:** While IAS understands some organizations use the term “subcontractor”  
357 synonymously with “supplier,” there is a difference, and both suppliers and  
358 subcontractors are required to be evaluated on an annual basis.

359 4.5.4. **Product Traceability:** The traceability procedure must describe the method used to  
360 ensure items are traceable as specified in the contract documents. Items that typically  
361 require traceability are materials and consumables that are incorporated into the final  
362 product. The project documents will determine if full materials traceability is required,  
363 however, the fabricator must have a procedure to meet the project needs for the type of  
364 fabrication performed. In addition to project requirement needs, the fabricator, as a  
365 minimum, must have in their control traceability of the finished product to incoming  
366 materials, certified welders, inspector, plans and specifications. The procedure must  
367 make provision for documentation of this traceability on inspection forms or on a  
368 controlled copy of the detail drawing.

369 **Note:** Material traceability to heat number, unless otherwise required by contract  
370 documents, is limited to main members and does not include items such as stiffeners.

371 4.5.5. **Process Control:** There must be a procedure that identifies how process control is  
372 communicated to appropriate personnel. Process control includes procedures such as  
373 cutting or saw operations, fitting and welding of the material, cambering and coating.  
374 Examples of forms used in the process control procedure are cut lists, standard  
375 drawings or detail drawings. The procedure must describe the fabricator’s method of  
376 communicating and establishing priorities of such operations.

377 4.5.6. **Inspection and Testing:** The inspection procedure shall include provisions for receipt,  
378 in-process and final inspections as appropriate to provide a level of assurance that  
379 products are manufactured in accordance with contract documents by qualified  
380 personnel. Final inspections shall include a record of the results and resolution of  
381 nonconformances identified by subsequent inspections. As a minimum, inspection  
382 procedures include the following:

383 4.5.6.1. Receiving inspection of incoming materials to the required specification, including  
384 review of mill test reports and certificates of conformance to ensure compliance with  
385 contract documents.

386 4.5.6.2. In-process inspection for workmanship that can affect subsequent operations.  
387 (Examples of in-process inspections are nondestructive testing of welds that will be  
388 hidden or out of reach during the final inspection, visual examination of fit-up  
389 tolerances that will not be visible after welding, areas requiring coatings that will not  
390 be accessible during final inspection, monitoring of welding and bolting operations, as  
391 appropriate.) Welding process inspections on multiple pass welds must ensure that  
392 proper preheat and interpass temperatures are maintained, and that the finished  
393 welds are of the proper size, without flaws, undercuts, inclusions or porosity.

394 4.5.6.3. Final inspection includes documented acceptance of all workmanship performed,  
395 including materials, welding, bolting, fitting operations, and coatings.  
396  
397 All final welds are to be accepted under the direction of the in-house CWI, CWB or  
398 ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector.

399 4.5.7. **Control of Inspection, Measuring and Test Equipment:** There must be a  
400 maintenance schedule, including calibration procedures for testing equipment.  
401 Wherever possible, calibration services shall be provided by a calibration laboratory  
402 accredited by IAS or by an accreditation body that is a partner with IAS in an MRA.  
403 **Note:** It is recognized there may not be nationally recognized standards available for  
404 unique testing equipment. When such instances exist, calibration procedures must be  
405 in compliance with manufacturer's recommendations to the extent that such testing  
406 equipment is calibrated to ensure consistency with the required measuring capabilities.  
407 It is the fabricator's responsibility to ensure that such testing equipment is approved  
408 prior to use.

409 4.5.8. **Control of Nonconforming Workmanship:** Procedures shall be established for  
410 identifying, documenting and assigning the disposition of nonconforming items.

411 4.5.9. **Corrective Action:** Procedure for corrective action shall include investigating,  
412 documenting and correcting nonconformances. The procedure must include a provision  
413 to preclude repetition.

414 4.5.10. **Handling, Storage and Delivery Procedure:** Procedure shall include identifying and  
415 storing of incoming materials and finished products as appropriate to minimize damage  
416 and deterioration.

417 4.5.11. **Internal Audits:** The fabricator shall identify the frequency, method of documentation  
418 and the content of internal audits to determine the effectiveness of the management  
419 system. Audits shall include a summary that compares the most recent audit to the  
420 previous audit and include the elements of AC172.

- 421 4.5.12. **Control of Quality Records:** The fabricator must determine methods for storing,  
422 maintaining and accessing quality records for a minimum of two years. Quality records  
423 must include the following:
- 424 4.5.12.1. Contract review documents.
  - 425 4.5.12.2. Completed in-house quality inspection reports, forms, and checklists.
  - 426 4.5.12.3. Manufacturer test reports and certificates of compliance from vendors, for incoming  
427 materials and consumables.
  - 428 4.5.12.4. Copies of inspection reports by the inspection agency.
  - 429 4.5.12.5. Records of internal audits.
  - 430 4.5.12.6. Training records.
  - 431 4.5.12.7. Evaluations of vendors and subcontractors.
- 432 4.5.13. **Training:** There must be a procedure for the training of personnel who have an effect  
433 on the quality of the finished product. The procedure must include provision for  
434 maintaining current personnel qualifications. As a minimum, there must be training  
435 requirements established for project managers, detailers, inspectors, welders, fitters  
436 and painters.

437

## 438 **Appendix A — Qualifications for Designated Accreditation Representative**

439

### 440 **4.6. Scope**

441 International Accreditation Service, Inc. (IAS), has established a Designated Accreditation  
442 Representative (DAR) and a Designated Accreditation Representative Deputy (DARD)  
443 requirement for quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) personnel. It is the responsibility  
444 of the fabricator to designate a DAR and a DARD as described in Sections 2.4 and 2.5 to carry  
445 out the responsibilities under Section 4.8 below.

446

### 447 **4.7. Introduction**

448 Evaluations of DAR and DARD candidates are performed during an on-site joint review of a  
449 fabricator inspection program by IAS and the fabricator's accredited inspection agency.

450

### 451 **4.8. General Requirements for Designated Accreditation Representative**

452 4.8.1. The DAR/DARD must successfully demonstrate his/her knowledge of the management  
453 system and technical operations of the fabricator, including an assessment of his/her  
454 general, practical and specific knowledge pertinent to the fabricator's current project  
455 documents.

456 4.8.2. The DAR must report directly to the highest level of management within the  
457 organization and must have stop-work authority.

- 458 4.8.3. The DARD will report to the DAR. In the absence of the DAR, the DARD must report  
459 directly to the highest level of management within the organization and must have stop-  
460 work authority.
- 461 4.8.4. The DAR must be able to conduct effective internal audits, identify performance  
462 indicators and recommend corrective actions. The purpose of these activities is to  
463 evaluate the overall effectiveness of the documented management system. At a  
464 minimum, the DAR must be able to perform the duties outlined in Sections 4.8.4.1,  
465 4.8.4.2 and 4.8.4.3.
- 466 4.8.4.1. The ability to understand trend analysis measurements. Trend analyses must clearly  
467 show the direction that an activity is taking over time, to decide if corrective action is  
468 required. For example, trend analyses may be plotted to show whether costs are  
469 increasing or decreasing, if errors are declining or increasing, or if any number of  
470 factors being measured and plotted are meeting desired quality levels.
- 471 4.8.4.2. The ability to develop, implement and document staff training.
- 472 4.8.4.3. The ability to develop and implement quality plans, including generation of  
473 appropriate documentation.
- 474
- 475 **Note:** Although specific assignments may be delegated to a DARD, it will be the  
476 responsibility of the DAR to determine that a fabricator's management system has  
477 been successfully executed in accordance with contract documents.
- 478 4.8.5. The DAR must demonstrate competent knowledge of structural steel fabrication and  
479 inspection practices that are pertinent to products that are manufactured by the  
480 fabricator. Mandatory knowledge may include, but is not limited to: developing and  
481 implementing procedures for detailing, procurement, bolting, welding, inspection and  
482 nondestructive testing; operational procedures that include sawing, shearing, drilling  
483 and fitting practices, coatings, packaging, handling, and shipping of structural steel  
484 and/or their components. The submitted procedures must include inspection  
485 requirements as appropriate to assure compliance and implementation.
- 486 4.8.6. Fabricators must notify IAS within 10 days of the termination of employment of the  
487 DAR. Termination of the DAR may affect the fabricator's accreditation status with IAS  
488 until IAS has evaluated and approved the company's DAR replacement.
- 489 4.8.7. DAR status is not transferable from one company to another. It may be suspended  
490 upon extended leave of absence or other circumstances that prevent the DAR from  
491 performing his/her duties.

492

#### 493 4.9. Specific Requirements for Designated Accreditation Representative

494 The DAR must demonstrate knowledge through a combination of education, training and  
495 experience of the latest editions of established codes and standards as appropriate to the  
496 fabrication of structural steel members and their components. Applicable documents may  
497 include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 498 4.9.1. *International Building Code* Chapter 17 and Chapter 22.
- 499 4.9.2. AWS D1.1, AWS D1.3 or AWS D1.8 Standards as applicable for the type of fabrication  
500 performed at the facility.
- 501 4.9.3. AWS A2.4, Symbols.
- 502 4.9.4. AWS A3.0, Terms and Definitions.
- 503 4.9.5. AISC Code of Standard Practice.
- 504 4.9.6. SSPC Painting Manual, Volume 1, Good Painting Practice.
- 505 4.9.7. SSPC Painting Manual, Volume 2, Systems and Specifications.
- 506 4.9.8. AISC Detailing for Steel Construction.
- 507 4.9.9. American Society for Non-Destructive Testing, (ASNT) SNT-TC-1A, CP-189 and ASNT  
508 Central Certification Program (ACCP).
- 509 4.9.10. ASTM International (relevant standards).
- 510 4.9.11. Research Council on Structural Connections (RCSC) – Specifications for Structural  
511 Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts.
- 512 4.9.12. Project specifications/contract documents for the current fabrication performed at the  
513 facility.
- 514 4.9.13. AWS A5.18, Specification for Carbon Steel Electrodes and Rods for Gas Shielded Arc  
515 Welding.

516  
517 **4.10. Control of Required Procedures**

518 4.10.1. **Contract Review:** The DAR must ensure that contract quality requirements are met.  
519 The DAR will be responsible for reviewing any instructions and/or procedures relative  
520 to activities affecting quality to determine if they are properly understood and  
521 implemented.

522  
523 As a minimum, the following elements must be documented to ensure that contract  
524 reviews are managed, controlled, and successfully implemented and communicated to  
525 appropriate personnel:

526 4.10.1.1. Quality plans to ensure that fabrication conforms to the most recent project  
527 specifications. Quality plans shall include proprietary buy-out items and subcontract  
528 fabrication. Project specifications include design drawings, detail drawings, and  
529 other related documents.

530 4.10.1.2. At a minimum, quality plans shall address the following:

- 531 4.10.1.2.1. Material: ASTM grade and type, AWS filler metal classification
- 532 4.10.1.2.1.1. Origin of materials
- 533 4.10.1.2.1.2. Substitution requirements
- 534 4.10.1.2.1.3. Material test report requirements
- 535 4.10.1.2.2. Workmanship
- 536 4.10.1.2.2.1. Cutting of plates or shapes
- 537 4.10.1.2.2.2. Drilling or punching of holes:
- 538 4.10.1.2.2.2.1. Edge distance
- 539 4.10.1.2.2.2.2. Repair of mislocated holes
- 540 4.10.1.2.2.3. Welding requirements:
- 541 4.10.1.2.2.3.1. Welding procedure specifications
- 542 4.10.1.2.2.3.2. Control consumables
- 543 4.10.1.2.2.4. Cambering, bending, straightening
- 544 4.10.1.2.2.5. Dimensional tolerances
- 545 4.10.1.2.3. Coating/painting/galvanizing:
- 546 4.10.1.2.3.1. Surface preparation
- 547 4.10.1.2.3.2. Manufacture and type of coating
- 548 4.10.1.2.3.3. Application of coating
- 549 4.10.1.2.4. Required inspections and sequence of inspections to verify conformance of
- 550 an item or activity to specified requirements.
- 551 4.10.1.2.4.1. Procedures:
- 552 4.10.1.2.4.1.1. Receiving inspection procedures
- 553 4.10.1.2.4.1.2. In-process inspection procedures
- 554 4.10.1.2.4.1.3. Final inspection procedures
- 555 4.10.1.2.4.1.4. Records and reports
- 556 4.10.1.2.4.2. Nondestructive testing requirements
- 557 4.10.1.2.5. Acceptance criteria for inspections required in the contract documents for the
- 558 scope of the project.
- 559 4.10.1.2.6. Shipping, packaging and handling requirements.
- 560 4.10.2. **Document Control:** The Designated Accreditation Representative shall be
- 561 responsible to ensure that only current, approved documents are used and to ensure
- 562 that appropriate documents are available at all locations where necessary for the
- 563 proper functioning of the management system. Document control must encompass the
- 564 following elements:
- 565 4.10.2.1. Controlled receipt of bid documents, specifications and revisions.
- 566 4.10.2.2. Approval of working (detail) drawings prior to issuing to persons using them as
- 567 work instructions.

568 4.10.2.3. Approval of revisions, including a method for revision control to assure the latest  
569 revision is available and used by appropriate personnel.

570 4.10.2.4. Approval of change orders.

571 4.10.2.5. Documentation of back charges, including the root cause of the problem.

572 4.10.2.6. Records of complaints.

573

574 **4.11. Education and Experience: Designated Accreditation Representative**

575 Personnel shall be qualified ~~on the basis of~~ based on appropriate education, training and  
576 experience. Education and training must be such that the DAR is competent to take full charge  
577 of his/her responsibilities under the IAS DAR program. Training requirements are based on the  
578 standards referenced in Section 4.9 and Table I.

579

580 **4.12. Education and Experience: Designated Accreditation Representative Deputy**

581 Personnel shall be qualified ~~on the basis of~~ based on appropriate education, training and  
582 experience. Education and training must be such that the DARD is competent to take full  
583 charge of his/her responsibilities under this program. Training requirements are based on the  
584 standards referenced in Section 4.9 and Table I

585

586 **5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (AS APPLICABLE)**

587 5.1. AWS B5.1, Specification for Qualification of Welding Inspectors.

588 5.2. AWS B5.17, Specification for the Qualification of Welding Fabricators.

589 5.3. ANSI/AISC 341, Seismic Provisions for Structural Steel Buildings.

590 5.4. ANSI/AISC 360, Specification for Structural Steel Buildings.

591 5.5. CSA W47.1 Certification of companies for fusion welding of steel.

592

593 **6. LINKS TO ADDITIONAL REFERENCES**

594 6.1. IAS – [www.iasonline.org](http://www.iasonline.org)

595 6.2. International Code Council – [www.iccsafe.org](http://www.iccsafe.org)

596

Table I

DAR	DARD	Topic of Training Required	Credits
x		1. Total Quality Concepts <sup>1</sup>	2
x		2. Customer Satisfaction <sup>1,2</sup>	2
x		3. Strategic Quality Planning <sup>1</sup>	2
x		4. Management and Leadership <sup>1,3</sup>	2
x		5. Personal Communications and Interrelationship Skills <sup>1</sup>	2
x		6. Quality Planning and Setting Objectives <sup>1</sup>	2
x		7. Total Quality Principles <sup>1</sup>	2
x		8. Quality Auditing <sup>1</sup>	2
x		9. Problem Solving Methodologies <sup>1</sup>	2
x		10. Statistical Thinking and Techniques <sup>1</sup>	2
x	x	11. ASTM Material Specifications <sup>1,3</sup>	2
x		12. Approval and Evaluation of Vendors <sup>1</sup>	2
x	x	13. Mill Test Reports <sup>1</sup>	1
x	x	14. Material Traceability <sup>1</sup>	1
x		15. Contract Review <sup>1,3</sup>	3
x	x	16. Detail Drawings <sup>1</sup>	2
x		17. Subcontracting Purchase of Goods and Services <sup>1</sup>	2
x		18. Contract Changes <sup>1</sup>	2
x	x	19. Dimensional Fitting <sup>1,4</sup>	1
x	x	20. Welding <sup>1,4</sup>	2
x	x	21. Surface Preparation and Painting <sup>1,4</sup>	1
x	x	22. Welding Inspections <sup>1,5</sup>	2
x	x	23. Nondestructive Testing <sup>1,5</sup>	2
x	x	24. Bolting Using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts <sup>1,5</sup>	2
x	x	25. Other Topics as Appropriate <sup>6</sup>	2 max
x	x	26. Associate Degree <sup>7</sup>	1
x	x	27. Associate Degree in Engineering, Science, Mathematics or Quality Assurance <sup>7</sup>	2
x		28. Bachelor's Degree <sup>7</sup>	3
x		29. BA Degree in Engineering, Science, Mathematics or Quality Assurance <sup>7</sup>	3
x	x	30. Two Years Technical Experience in Quality Control	2
x	x	31. Two Years Experience in Auditing <sup>8</sup>	3
x	x	32. Level II in Nondestructive Testing <sup>9</sup>	2
x		33. Level III in Nondestructive Testing <sup>9</sup>	3
x	x	34. ICC Structural Welding Special Inspector	3
x	x	35. AWS Senior CWI	2
x		36. CWI	2
	x	37. CAWI	1

**Note:** To qualify for DAR status, an individual must accrue twenty-five (25) credits. DARD education and experience must have a minimum accumulation of fifteen (15) credits.

<sup>1</sup> Via seminars, videos, books, self-study correspondence courses

<sup>2</sup> Customer feedback/information benchmarking

<sup>3</sup> Via professional activities

<sup>4</sup> Based on shop experience

<sup>5</sup> Hands-on inspection experience

<sup>6</sup> Up to two (2) credits may be earned for other performance factors not explicitly called out in this matrix, such as proven leadership, sound judgment, analytical ability, tenacity and past performance.

<sup>7</sup> From an accredited institution

<sup>8</sup> Familiarity with AC172

<sup>9</sup> Based on ASNT examination

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613 *This is criteria was previously issued July 2000, June 2003, May 2004, May 2005, August 2006, April 2011, August 2012, February*  
614 *2015, July 2016, and April 2017 and September 2018.*